

Catholic Education Centre 322 Fairview Drive Brantford, ON N3T 5M8

SPECIAL EDUCATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE Tuesday, February 20, 2018 – 10:00 a.m. - Boardroom

Present: Bonnie McKinnon (Trustee), Jennifer Chapman, Christine Dragojlovich (Pearce), Mischa

Jansink, Paul Sanderson, Michelle Shypula, Teresa Westergaard-Hager, Nil Woodcroft

Guests: Jackie Whiting, Student Achievement Consultant: French as a Second Language K-12

Regrets: Krista Emmerson, Jill Esposto, Carmen McDermid, Tracey Taylor

1. Opening Prayer

Superintendent Shypula led the group in the opening prayer.

2. Welcome and Opening Comments

Superintendent Shypula welcomed the group and led a round of introductions for the benefit of Jackie Whiting and SEAC members in attendance.

3. Approval of Agenda

Moved by: Jennifer Chapman Seconded by: Bonnie McKinnon

THAT the SEAC Committee approves the agenda of the February 20, 2018 meeting.

Carried

4. Approval of Minutes – January 23, 2018

Moved by: Bonnie McKinnon Seconded by: Jennifer Chapman

THAT the SEAC Committee approves the minutes of the January 23, 2018 meeting.

Carried

5. Information and Correspondence

5.1 Letter from Conseil Scolaire Catholique Franco-Nord for SEAC

Superintendent Shypula updated the Committee on the letter received from the Conseil Scolaire Catholique Franco-Nord and highlighted how their SEAC is asking the government and ministry authorities to review the strategy, specifically the service coordination component and the integration of rehabilitation services component. They are asking the government to redefine the components so that they are feasible, effective and beneficial for our young people in need. They have asked that once the strategic map is developed by the various ministries that funds be given to key players to implement the strategy (see Appendix A).

5.2 Invitation for 2018 Summit

Superintendent Shypula shared and copies provided to members for the 2018 Summit: *Beyond Collaboration: Towards Integrated Systems for Supporting Child and Youth Mental Health*. The summit will take place April 12 to 13, 2018 at the Beanfield Centre, CNE Grounds in Toronto, ON (see Appendix B).

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5.3 Indigenous Cultural Competency & Safety Training Series

Superintendent Shypula shared information on a five part workshop series being offered by Six Nations Polytechnic, which is aimed at deconstructing assumptions, understanding our differences and working towards positive and authentic understanding and actions of reconciliation. The workshops are open to all community agencies, workers in the health, education, public service and child welfare sectors, as well as the general public (see Appendix C).

6. Presentation

6.1 Including Students with Special Education Needs in French as a Second Language Programs

Jackie Whiting, Student Achievement Consultant: French as a Second Language K-12 shared the developments taking place with French as a Second Language (FSL) programs in the Board. She discussed some of the guiding principles that lead to creating inclusive environments in the FSL classrooms. The Common European Framework of Reference (CEFR) is a great supplement to the curriculum because it concentrates on what students are able to do in a second language with the "can do" statements that describe their proficiency while speaking, listening, reading and writing in French. Jackie shared her favourite highlights from the Ministry document 'Including Students with Special Education Needs in FSL'. Highlights included shifts in mindsets that allow for greater inclusion of all students in FSL programs. Jackie was excited to share some of the structured tasks that were created during a workshop with the Special Education team and the FSL teachers that focused on creating fun manipulatives and activities for a variety of learners. Jackie concluded her presentation with a quote from Dr. Rita Pierson, "All children need champions in their lives". The following link can be followed to view the video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SFnMTHhKdkw.

A handout for supporting English language learners and students with special education needs in FSL was provided to members (see Appendix D).

7. Community Agency Updates

Jennifer Chapman- Child Welfare Supervisor- Haldimand-Norfolk Children's Aid Society

Jennifer shared that the Haldimand-Norfolk Children's Aid Society continues to work through the new legislation. They are able to receive services post 18 years of age, if they remain under a voluntary agreement at their 18th birthday.

Recently a new directive was issued related to collection of Identity Based Data Collection. Staff will be collecting self-identified/reported data from service users. This is related to several categories of information including Race, Ethnicity, Religion, Sexual Identity, Disability, etc... Questions are based on those gathered in Census information. The hope is to gather data and inform where there are gaps in services and information where improvements are needed.

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Mischa Jansink- Family Service Coordinator- Lansdowne Children's Centre

The 18th Annual Great Northern Ride took place on February 4 to the 10, 2018. The snow mobile riders this year rode in New Brunswick and raised money for the Every Kid Counts program. On May 14, 2018, Lansdowne will host the Annual Motorcycle Ride to also raise money for the Every Kid Counts program.

Lansdowne has posted for a Family Support Worker position as part of the Autism Program to help families navigate the Ontario Autism Program. During the month of February, the agency is part of the transition planning that takes place for their clients heading to school in September 2018.

Christine Dragojlovich (Pearce) - Program Manager- Woodview Mental Health & Autism Services

Christine updated the group on her name change, which will be updated on the Board website, membership list and communications moving forward. Woodview is re-initiating the Early Years program through the priorities on 'Moving on Mental Health' and are collaborating with EarlyON, Brant FACS, the Health Unit, Lansdowne and other community partners to share resources and meet the needs of families in Brantford and Brant County. The agency is gearing up for Mental Health Week May 7, 2018. Meetings are the first Thursday of each month at 10 am at Woodview Mental Health & Autism Services on 643 Park Road North, Brantford. Brief Services are being offered at Major Ballachy School on Wednesdays from 2 pm to 8 pm and at 109 George St., Brantford on Thursdays from 4 pm to 8 pm and anyone is welcome to attend on a drop in basis.

Teresa Westergaard-Hager- Supervisor, Community Outreach- Norfolk Association for Community Living

There is a lot of change happening in all of the services currently at Norfolk Association for Community Living. Group living is taking in some higher needs people and looking at moving some of their existing residents around. Teresa shared that a particular gentleman in their care who had been in group living recently moved into his own apartment. He stated, "It is harder, but worth it" and is very happy with his new living arrangements. Supported Independent Living is booming with many new people coming into service. The agency is currently adding additional employees to the program in order to meet the needs of those individuals. Business Ventures is still continuing on their path to closing the three profit-shared businesses and has a small bit of Ministry funding in order to assist with the contractors to find alternative work, volunteering, social activities, etc. Passport funding has had some people receive extra money that has been backdated this term. New funding will be allocated on April 1 and individuals should be notified what that looks like by the end of March.

Nil Woodcroft- Manager of Early Childhood Intervention Programs- Haldimand-Norfolk REACH

Nil updated that Haldimand-Norfolk REACH is happy to be collaborating with the Board to begin the transition to school process for students entering JK in September. The initial meeting was held at HNREACH on February 21, 2018. As the lead agency for Coordinated Service Planning with the Special Needs Strategy, the Advisory Committee and Community of Practice team continues to meet.

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8. Reports

8.1 Student Achievement Leader: Special Education

On behalf of Carmen McDermid, Superintendent Shypula updated on the System Identification Placement Review Committee (IPRC) grades eight to nine intakes, which were held the week of February 12 to 16, 2018. The IPRC intakes are for students moving from grades 8 to 9 next year and wishing for a placement in a special class at secondary school. The three different classes at the secondary level are the Personal Active Learning (PAL), Community Living and Job Skills. IPRCs were held at St. John's College on Monday, February 12, Assumption College School on Thursday, February 15 and Holy Trinity Catholic High School on Friday, February 16, 2018. Elementary Special Education Resource Teachers (SERTs) and Principals presented students to the IPRC for consideration for the classes. Student profiles were shared to the IPRC that included recent testing, strengths, areas of need and student interests. Students attended along with their parents and both had the opportunity to share information and ask questions to the secondary staff members. Elementary schools were commended for their organizing of student profile packages and in presenting their students to secondary staff and IPRC members.

Superintendent Shypula updated that System SERTs and Carmen McDermid, Student Achievement Lead for Special Education, are meeting with Lansdowne Children's Centre case managers on Tuesday, February 20, 2018 and with Haldimand-Norfolk REACH case managers on Wednesday, February 21, 2018 to have initial meetings to discuss new kindergarten registrants with special needs who will be entering our Board in September 2018. These initial meetings help agencies and schools cross-reference names in the hopes that no students are missed. Agencies will present names of students with special needs and a follow up with schools will be made to ensure these students have registered for school. Familiarizing with these children assist in the initial planning and discussions for their school entry next year. The formal entry to school Case Conferences will be held mid to end of April and will include full agency support personnel, occupational therapists, Physio-Therapists, Speech-Language Pathologists, Teachers, Principals, Autism Behaviour Analyst (ABA) Lead, Special Education Lead, etc...and any other personnel who can support a child's entry into school. These meetings are invaluable in planning and successfully transitioning students into school.

8.2 Superintendent of Education

Superintendent Shypula provided an update on the progress of the Joint Protocol for Student Achievement (JPSA). The Ministry of Children and Youth Services and the Ministry of Education introduced the JPSA in February of 2015. The purpose of this protocol is to assist school boards and child welfare authorities in creating consistent processes that will improve the educational outcomes of students in the care of the child welfare system. The Board drafted JPSA has been a collaborative effort involving the Grand Erie District School Board, Conseil Scolaire Catholique MonAvenir, Conseil Scolaire Viamonde, the Hamilton-Wentworth Catholic District School Board, Six Nations of the Grand River and Mississauga's of the New Credit First Nations. This protocol, once vetted by the various stakeholders, will be ready for implementation in September 2018.



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9. Closing Remarks/ Adjournment

The meeting was adjourned.

Next Meeting: Tuesday, March 20, 2018, 10:00 am, Boardroom



RECEIVED BRANT HALDIMAND NORFOLK CATHOLIC DSB

FEB 1 2 2018

Chris N. Roehrig
Director of Education & Secretary

Monday, February 5th, 2018

To whom it may concern:

For two years now, trained teams from various agencies and community partners have been working together to understand and drive forward the strategy for students with special needs.

Right from its first announcement, this strategy seemed promising. However, since its implementation, it poses significant challenges and brings many questions that remain without clear answers from the Ministry. The concerns are legitimate and deserve special attention, so that the strategy can be updated to eliminate redundant processes, facilitate access to specialized services, and simplify application processes for parents of children requiring services in occupational therapy, speech therapy or physiotherapy.

We firmly believe that community and collaborative planning should include our leading mental health agencies as well as any other agency providing services. There is a need for a review of service areas, a process for requests linked to the hubs, and consistent procedures for the province. In order to make this strategy update possible, we believe that provincial planning is necessary.

We raise the following specific issues:

- How to ensure that the parent can tell his story only once if the intake service does not cross all services and ministries?
- How to ensure that the parent can be served in their language?
- What technological tool will the province put at the disposal of boards and agencies? We require a common tool, adapted to the language of the IEP and that can be compatible with daycares, agencies and school boards, in short, with any service provider. In its letter dated March 9, 2017, the Ministry of Children and Youth Services indicated that in the coming months, ministries would consult with local steering committees on the need for a single integrated technology platform to support the implementation of new service delivery models. We are still waiting for such consultation.
- How can the reports generated by a tool for the intake interview be used to ensure fairness with regard to services?
- How can electronic hubs provide information and resources to parents and guardians to answer questions and support their process?



- What human resources are included in the implementation budgets?
- What will be the recruitment plan for competent specialized practitioners who will be able to serve
 Francophone and Aboriginal families well, and how to ensure that these services are available
 throughout the province? What will be the contingency plan if it is difficult to recruit such people in
 certain areas?
- What steps will be taken to train school teachers, board support staff, and child care staff to
 collaborate in this strategy, while recognizing that there may be constraints to be considered with
 regard to collective agreements and working conditions? For example, coordination and delivery of
 services throughout the school year, etc.

The development of provincial tools and guidelines for all partners would contribute to more cohesiveness across the province and would also allow for a better understanding of the needs of our families and the various shortfalls and challenges with the goal of rectifying them.

In short, we respectfully ask the government and ministry authorities to review the strategy, specifically the service coordination component and the integration of rehabilitation services component, with a view to redefining them so that they are feasible and effective and beneficial for our young people in need. We also ask that once the strategic map has been developed by the various ministries, start-up funds are given to key players to implement the agreed strategy.

The Special Education Advisory Committee (SEAC) for the Conseil scolaire catholique Franco-Nord thanks you for your attention to these matters.

Sincerely,

Mongue Menado Monique Ménard

Director of Education

Conseil scolaire catholique Franco-Nord

Diane Carrazin-Dubeau

Diane Sarrazin-Dubeau

President, SEAC

Conseil scolaire catholique Franco-Nord

C.C. Directors or Education of the 71 School Boards

Special Education Advisory Committees of the 71 School Boards

Ministry of Education

Ministry of Children and youth services

Ministry of Community and Social Services

Denys Giguère, French-Language, Aboriginal Learning and Research Division

Denis Filiatrault, One Kids Place

SAVE THE DATE 2018 SUMMIT CHILDREN AND YOUTH MENTAL HEALTH

April 12 - 13, 2018 Beanfield Centre, CNE Grounds, Toronto

Beyond Collaboration:

Towards Integrated Systems for Supporting Child and Youth Mental Health

Presentations will focus on working across tiered systems of support for promotion, prevention and intervention.

Who should attend?

Students / Parents / Educators Mental Health Professionals / Professional Student Services Agencies / Children's Services Advocates

Who is hosting this event?

Hosted by the Ontario Coalition for Children and Youth Mental Health - a multi-sectoral group committed to urgent and positive change for children and youth mental health services in Ontario

Early Bird Registration:

Link available on OPSBA's website: www.opsba.org or

LINK TO ONLINE REGISTRATION

Please check the website for updated information and program.

For Exhibit Space

Please contact Judith Nyman jnyman@opsba.org

ACCOMMODATION Hyatt Regency Hotel, 370 King Street, Toronto. Block to open September 2017. **Shuttle service** to Beanfield Centre included in room rate.



Coalition ontarienne pour la santé mentale des enfants er des adolescents

Pre-Summit

Thursday, April 12, 2018
1:30 - Registration
2:00 - 5:00 p.m. - Your choice of 1 of 3 half day in-depth sessions

Main Summit

Thursday Evening, April 12 5:00 - 8:30 p.m - Dinner Reception and Keynote Speaker (TBC) and Friday, April 13: 8:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.

Keynote Speaker Friday a.m.: Mark Greenberg, PhD

Edna Peterson Bennett Endowed Chair in Prevention Research, Professor of Human Development and Psychology

Plenary Panel Friday a.m.:

Sharon Hoover, PhD

Co-Director, Center for School Mental Health and Associate Professor, University of Maryland School of Medicine, Child and Adolescent Psychiatry

Alexia Jaouich, PhD

Director of Implementation and Knowledge Exchange in the Provincial System Support Program (PSSP) CAMH

Ian Manion, PhD

Director, Youth Mental Health Research Unit, University of Ottawa Institute of Mental Health Research

Breakout Sessions Friday p.m.

Your choice of 2 of 8 breakout sessions.

INDIGENOUS CULTURAL COMPETENCY & SAFETY TRAINING SERIES

WEDNESDAY, FEB 28TH - RECONCILIATION: UNDERSTANDING OUR RELATIONSHIPS, THEN AND NOW

This will be a 5 part workshop series that will start with an all-day session which will work towards deconstructing our assumptions, understanding our differences and working towards positive and authentic understandings and actions of reconciliation. To launch the series, our first session will explore the history of Indigenous people in Canada with a specific focus on Hodinohso:ni territory. Participants will engage in critical conversations around relationship building between community agencies and Six Nations Polytechnic (SNP).

Location: SNP - Brantford Campus, 411 Elgin Street

Time: 9:00 AM -3:30 PM (lunch is included)

9:30 - 10:00 AM: Networking | 10:00 - 3:00 PM: Conference

Who can attend: These workshops are open to all community agencies, workers in the health, education, public service and child welfare sectors, as well as the general public.

Space is limited so register early.

Registration fee: \$100 per person. (Plus Applicable Tax)

Optional Followup Sessions (Brantford Campus from 1:00 - 4:00 PM):

March 7th - Health

March 21st - Education

March 28th - Public Service

April 11th - Child Welfare

Registration fee: \$50 per person per session (Plus Applicable Tax)



Facilitated by Darren Thomas





Register at snpolytechnic.com Brantford Campus: 226-493-1245

FSL for School Administrators FROM AWARENESS to ACTION

From Awareness to Action is a professional learning publication written by the Provincial Principal Focus Group members to support school administrators in the strengthening of French as a Second Language.



ISSUE 6 Supporting English Language Learners and Students with Special Education Needs in FSL

IN THIS ISSUE

The focus is on highlighting strategies that support the participation and engagement of English language learners and students with special education needs in FSL.

A Framework for French as a Second Language in Ontario Schools, Kindergarten to Grade 12 embraces the concept that all students can learn French as a second language. Learning For All: A Guide to Effective Assessment and Instruction for All Students, Kindergarten to Grade 12 reminds us that with timely and tiered supports, all students can learn. What is essential to remember regarding English language learners (ELLs) and students with special education needs is that they have many strengths. These students have learned strategies that assist them in developing knowledge and skills across the curriculum. By drawing on these, teachers can program appropriately.

Strategies for Supporting All Students in FSL

Learning for All highlights the fact that there are educational approaches that can benefit all students. In any given classroom, students may demonstrate a wide range of strengths and needs. Teachers create programs that respond to this diversity, often through the use of authentic tasks, technology, and individual student learning goals. Furthermore, there is a shift towards transforming practice to think beyond rote-based, repetitious tasks. In this way, students' level of interest and engagement increases, as does their commitment to learning and communicating in French.

English Language Learners

The elementary and secondary curriculum documents for FSL articulate that "English language learners ... bring a rich diversity of background knowledge and experience to the classroom" (p. 38, elementary curriculum document; p. 41, secondary). At the beginning, some ELLs may require additional support, as they often arrive in an Ontario school after



the FSL entry point. For those students, there are many strategies to consider in order to make appropriate accommodations and/or modifications to instruction and assessment.

For ELLs who are beginning to learn another language, promoting the students' use of their first language has been shown to increase their confidence and assist them with their communication skills. Since most ELLs have an age-appropriate proficiency in their first language, the transfer of one language system to another builds on skills already learned. ELLs often do very well in FSL classes, in fact "Research confirms"

that a prior language learning experience can facilitate and accelerate further language learning" (*Ontario Curriculum, Gr. 9 to 12: French as a Second Language, 2014*, p. 42).

As with all second language learners, ELLs benefit from strategies such as:

- Accessing appropriate technology helps students become more autonomous and self-directed as they acquire the new language
- Creating a print-rich FSL classroom environment (e.g., such as by labelling the classroom: *la porte, le tableau, l'ordinateur*)
- Having a variety of print resources at students' reading level, both independent and instructional (e.g., comic books, picture books, magazines, newspapers, dictionaries)
- Providing visual cues and aids (e.g., gestures, drawings) to associate images with words and useful expressions

There is ample reason to encourage English language learners to participate in FSL programs. In addition to facilitating English proficiency, trilingualism has many other benefits.

A Framework for French as a Second Language in Ontario Schools Kindergarten to Grade 12, p. 35



The success of students included in regular classrooms relies heavily on the attitudes of administration and teachers. The principal is the primary leader in the school community and his or her attitudes and actions set the tone for the entire school community.

Kimberly Showalter-Barnes (2008), The Attitudes of Regular Education Teachers Regarding Inclusion for Students with Autism, p. 60

WHAT'S MY ROLE?

Students with Special Education Needs

Story, dialogue, drama, movement, and music help most students to access and apply new language structures and communication skills with greater effectiveness. Students with special education needs may benefit from the addition of modelling, memory aids, longer wait time, graphic organizers, or additional processing and practising time, in order to apply their language knowledge in meaningful oral and written communication.

By considering a variety of instructional and assessment strategies, FSL teachers differentiate through teaching modalities, resources, and assistive strategies and technologies as key contributors to the success of FSL learning.

The Role of Principals and Vice-Principals

"The school administrative team works in partnership with all staff, parents, and appropriate community partners to ensure that every student has access to the best possible educational experience" (Supporting English Language Learners: A practical guide, p. 18). Principals and vice-principals build collaborative teams for students who are struggling or who may require additional assessment, programming, or supports, such as an Individual Education Plan (IEP). When planning takes place during the development of an IEP, all relevant staff members need to be present in order to validate the entire team's input and to ensure that the IEP is well understood and implemented. If, for example, a student requires accommodations to successfully meet the expectations in French class, the French teacher should have an active role in providing input to the IEP.

Regular visits to the classroom by the principal and vice-principal, together with ongoing, supportive dialogue with the teaching team, communicate the message that "We will do this together." It is important that principals and vice-principals continue to provide professional learning opportunities for all teachers, as together, everyone plays an important role in the success of all students.



One article to read, one quote to consider, one link to click...

Students Who Are At Risk for Reading Difficulties
by Caroline Erdos and Fred Genesee, in *Journal de l'immersion/Immersion Journal*, Vol. 33, No. 3, pp. 18–20,
Autumn/Automne 2011. http://www.acpi.ca/documents/
Journaux/Vol.33No.3_comp.pdf
This article provides information and tools to identify French immersion students at risk for reading difficulties as early as Kindergarten, and suggests ways to help them.

Identifying and Helping English-Speaking Immersion

- 2. "At-risk students can become bilingual and attain levels of first-language and academic ability commensurate with their learning challenges. The challenge is not usually for the children, but rather is for the adults around them."

 Proceedings of the Canadian Parents for French Roundtable on Academically Challenged Students in French Second Language Programs (2012), p. 16.

 http://cpf.ca/en/files/NEW-CPF-Roundtable-Proceedings-jh-2-3.pdf
- 3. From Awareness to Action: Video Segment 4 —
 FSL Programs are For All Students
 http://www.curriculum.org/fsl/projects/from-awareness-toaction-resources-for-principals-and-vice-principals/dash/
 play/28405

- **Q**: I worry about my son learning French at the same time as he is learning English. Shouldn't he be concentrating on only one language?
- A: You might think that he would get confused if he learns French at the same time as he is learning English, but, in fact, the opposite is true. Many of the items taught in French may parallel what students are learning in English, so learning French can help to reinforce the English that they are learning... Students are able to transfer knowledge about how language works and this may contribute to their overall academic success.

Ontario Ministry of Education (2008), Supporting English Language Learners: A practical guide for Ontario educators Grades 1 to 8, p. 31

Oral Self Assessment I can understand familiar words and very basic phrases concerning myself my family and immediate concrete surroundings when people speak slowly and clearly. Name: Te the tries the at e the extrinte can count. (1 à 10, questions about myself Combien de soeurs as-tu? Comment s'appelle ton père? I can say what I like and what I don't like. Je n'aime pas J'aime .. Lean answer questions on simple topics. I can ask for something I need. Répétez, s'il vous plaît. I can say when I don't understand. Est-ce que je peux avoir? Je veux... I can talk about my health. t can express my basid needs. Je parle aux aures et je comprends va pas. Je sufs fatigué, Ça va bien. I can ask for directions. Où est...? Je 64. **Spoken Production** I can use simple phrases and **Spoken Interaction** sentences to describe where I can interact in a simple way pro-I live and people I know. vided the other person is prepared to repeat or rephrase things at a slower rate of speech and help me formulate what I'm trying to say. I can ask and answer simple questions in areas of immediate need or on very familiar topics.

A1

Orale: Auto-Evaluation Je peux comprendre des mots familiers et des exspressions très courantes au sujet de moi-même, de ma famille et de l'environnement concret et immédiat, si les gens parlent lentement et distinctement. Nom: Le the presente of e to other the e peux compter. To poux Jouer des Jeux de mols simples et je peux refier des (maison, appartement. Combien de soeurs as-tu? 93-18J Compiler ar saeurs as-us: Comment s'appelle ton père?) Je Peux comprendre Je peux poser des quest ons sur des sulptes Je peux dire ce que j'aime et ce que je n'aime pas. ma famille. Summinon kumming (J'aime. je n'aime pas) (Couleurs, date, chiffiles, temps Je peux demander quelque chose dont j'ai besoin. Je peux répondre aux questions sur des sujets simples. comprends pas. Repétez, s'il vous plait.) (Est-ce que je peux avoir? Je veux...) Je peux parler de ma santé. comprends pag Pigis Est-ce due in seux nue paudues) Je peux exprimer mes besoins essentiels. Je suis fatigué, moltade, content) Je parle aux aures et je comprends e peux alle aux toilettes? Interaction Je peux communiquer de façon simple, à condition que l'interlocuteur soit disposé Je peux utiliser des expressions à répéter ou à reformuler ses phrases plus et des phrases simples pour lentement et à m'aider à formuler ce que décrire mon lieu d'habitation et j'essaie de dire. Je peux poser des les gens que je connais. questions simples sur des sujets familiers ou sur ce dont j'ai immédiatement besoin, ainsi que répondre à de telles questions.

A1

Oral: Self Assessment I can understand phrases and the highest frequency vocabulary relating to areas of most immediate personal relevance (e.g., very basic personal and family infor-Name: mation, shopping, local area, employment). Elbon 89b noistion distinguis I can identify the topic of discussion in a conf âges) I can describe my interests and hobbies. (sports, instruments de musique, lecture) I can understand others expressing their feelings. (iînlq zuov li'z noitibba'l I can talk about my education and my work. I can order something to eat ordrink. l can describe my daily activit (aupmod nyla, salada nyla (sagamasyundi xiriq) mon travail) l can give and accept simple apologies Spoken Interaction I can communicate in simple and routine tasks requiring a simple and direct exchange of information on familiar topics and activities. I can handle **Spoken Production** I can use a series of phrases and very short social exchanges, even sentences to describe in simple though I can't usually understand terms my family and other enough to keep the conversation people, living conditions, my going myself. education background and my present or most recent job.

A2

Orale: Auto-Evaluation Je peux comprendre des expressions et un vocabulaire très fréquent relatifs à ce qui me concerne de très près (par ex. Nom: Moi-même, ma famille, les achats, l'environnement proche le traail). Je peux saisir l'essentiel d'annonces et de messages simples et clairs. Elbon 29b Holy Holy Holy Hilling Je peux comprendre Je peux compretite des phraile. Je peux compretite de la famille. personne le ce de la famille. oun sue dans une ms, âges) om b poux identifiqe le sujet d'uno Je peux décrire nes intérêts et mes loisirs. $c_{OUAGL29IIOU}$ leurs sentiments Je peux comprehdre des autres quand ils expriment (Sports, instruments de musique, lecture) Je peux parler de mon éducation et de mon travail. le voudrais, l'addition s'il vous plait) Je peux commander quelque chose à manger ou Je peux décrire nes activités quotidiennes. an and signal segunder and signal signal (aupund ala salsoq ala sanasana) to poux décrite nes congés auf Je peux saluer les autres, demander de leurs no et réagir à leurs nouvelles. Interaction Je peux communiquer lors des tâches simples et habituelles ne demandant qu'un échange Production d'informations simple et direct sur des sujets Je peux utiliser une série de phrases et des activités familiers. Je peux avoir des ou d'expressions pour décrire en échanges trés brefs même si, en termes simples ma famille et règle générale, je ne comprends pas d'autres gens, mes conditions de assez pour poursuivre une conversation vie, ma formation et mon activité professionnelle actuelle ou récente.

Listening I can understand the main points of Oral: Self Assessment clear standard speech on familiar matters regularly encountered in work, school, leisure, etc. I can understand the main point of many radio or TV programmes on current affairs or topics of personal or professional interest when the delivery Name: is relatively slow and clear. n passages orally in a inal text wording and book or filth. imple fashion using the original summarize|short written| can express the fire seamed vaccutated in familiar real express that here were formulte lositis, translain, voyage feet and the street or here from the feet of the season of of th Ma compréhension des média can s I can follow the main point of a discussion provided speech is clearly articulated in sandard dialegt. Can express and respond to feelings. folère, indifference) (Surprise, bonhew, tristesse, I can express my personal views and convictions or solicit those of others in an informal discussion with I can make a complaint: magasin, bureau de poste, friends. (à mon avis, selon moi) simple word meaning something similar. eg neo I want I took of the word I want I can y When I can't think of the word meaning similar Seibonni 10 hoimnoin leuhei 1901 Ting Apiny 22010 adhei 1900 ae 1 1900 ae 1 Ma vie sociale I can start, maintyin and end simple face familiar of Conversation on lopics that are familiar of Legio esplain and legis e reasons for my nask, Confirm that we there of a land one and can be him. can ask for and can agree or disagree politely The training to the training of training of the training of th follow detailed Spoken Interaction Spoken Production I can deal with most situations likely to I can connect phrases arise whilst traveling in an area where in a simple way in order to the language is spoken. I can enter unprepared into conversation on topics that describe experiences and events, are familiar, of personal interest my dreams, hopes and ambior pertinent to everyday life (e.g. tions. I can briefly give reasons Family, hobbies, work, travel and and explanations for opinions and current events). plans. I can narrate a story or relate the plot of a book or film

and describe my reactions.

Je peux comprendre les points essentiels Orale: Auto-Evaluation quand un langage clair et standard est utilisé et s'il s'agit de sujets familiers concernant le travail, l'école, les loisirs, etc. Je peux comprendre l'essentiel de nombreuses émissions de radio ou de télévision sur l'actualité ou sur des sujets Nom: qui m'intéressent à titre personnel ou professionnel si l'on parle d'une façon relativement lente et distincte. Je peux comprendre des récits courts and prédire ce qui e peux résumer bralement de dourts meu aguence du açon simple en utilisant les paroles et la séquence du açon simple en utilisant les paroles et la séquence du la contra original. Ma vie personnelle The State of the S Ma compréhension des média Je peux comprendre les points essentiels quand un sentiments. dolère, indiffére Je peux exprimer et réagir aux (Surprise, bonheyr, tristesse, Je peux exprimer mon point de vue personnel et mes convictions ou solliciter ceux des autres dans une discussion informelle entre amis. (4 mon avis Je peux formuler une plainte: magasin, bureau de poste, selon moi) une circumlocution. Si je ne peux pas trouver le mot juste, je pe px utiliser une circumtocutibn. Ma vie sociale Je peux commen/conversation sur ties suiets familiers ou oui/ Pus north spire of the sound of the spire of Je peux commenter, poursuivle et terminer intéresse, sujets fapiliers ou qui/ lewasi noikmotni 1 sb safamzini vasit. I muning kas noi pibsham sanen wagi. To Post Capitale Capital Capit Property explique to the folious of John Control of the Indian Control of the In Tour inch the constitution of the constitution Le peux faire faced à la plupart des sit les peux faire faced à la plupart des grandent, au voyage, préparation, hébergement, au voyage, préparation, au voyage, au voyag To the state of th Je peux poliment exprimer mon a désaccord. instructions détaillés oup miod And Spiral ou suivre Interaction roduction Je peux faire face à la majorité des Je peux m'exprimer de situations que l'on peut rencontrer au cours manière simple afin de raconter des d'un voyage dans une région où la langue expériences et des événements, mes rêves est parlée. Je peux prendre part sans mes espoirs ou mes buts. Je peux préparation à une conversation sur brièvement donner les raisons et des sujets familiers ou d'intérêt explications de mes opinions ou projets. personnel ou qui concernent la vie Je peux raconter une histoire ou l'intrigue quotidienne (par exemple famille, d'un livre ou d'un film et exprimer mes loisirs, travail, voyage et actualité). réactions.